

Employer standards for careers education



Provide meaningful _ opportunities

- Give young people a taste of the working world: Provide as many meaningful careers education activities and experiences of the workplace as you can, ideally starting in primary
- **Be clear and transparent:** Establish clear aims and learning outcomes for all activities and transparent processes for for young people, schools, special schools and colleges to access or apply for experiences of the workplace
- Make experiences of work meaningful: During experiences of the workplace offer young people the opportunity to meet a range of people, have extensive two-way interaction and receive feedback on a piece of work
- **Prepare in advance:** Find out who you'll be engaging with ahead of delivering an activity, to better tailor it to their needs
- Involve a breadth of young people: If you have them, involve graduates, apprentices, trainees, school leavers, or T-Level students in your careers activities



Be inclusive

- Identify areas of need: Deliver careers education activities in schools, special schools or colleges where most need has been identified
- Break down barriers: Specifically seek to engage under-represented groups and those facing barriers to accessing the pathways into your industry or workforce
- **Be relatable to build trust:** Consider the relatability of the messenger (person delivering a careers education activity). Can young people relate to this messenger and do they believe in/trust the message being delivered?
- Actively challenge stereotypes and preconceptions: Strive to eliminate unconscious or other biases (e.g., towards certain occupations, genders or groups of people) in how you communicate with young people
- Be adaptive and accommodating: Make adjustments or adapt your approach for those with Special Educational Needs or Disabilities and ensure that any resources you produce are inclusive for all young people you work with



- Establish impact and adapt: evaluate your careers education activities to understand if they are having the intended impact and adapt your approach according to identified gaps or need
- Ensure person-centred evaluation: work with the school, special school or college to ensure that perspectives from young people and teachers/tutors form part of the evaluation of your careers education activities
- Listen to additional perspectives: welcome and action feedback from your employee volunteers who are taking part in/delivering the activity into account



Build essential skills and explain their relevance

- **Upskill young people:** Support young people to develop essential skills
- Embed essential skills within your careers education offer: Deliver activities and offer opportunities to practice and reflect on the importance of essential skills
- Explain the relevance and importance of essential skills: Support young people, teachers and Careers Leaders in understanding why essential skills are invaluable in the workplace



Prepare young people for application processes

- Improve understanding & provide practice opportunities: Support young people to understand and practice a range of application and selection processes (e.g., assessment centres, psychometric testing, online interviews, in person interviews, including task and competencybased)
- Support with written communications: Support young people to describe their skills and experience in written form (e.g., a CV, application form, LinkedIn or cover letter) and consider how social media presence could impact their applications

Raise awareness of pathways into work

- Showcase existing opportunities: Provide information about opportunities in your organisation and/or industry and link to the local labour market
- Share knowledge of pathways: Communicate what you know about the pathways and any subject requirements to enter your organisation and/or industry and link to the local labour market
- Highlight key transition opportunities: Share what you know about the pathways into your industry at key transition points for young people (e.g., starting secondary, choosing options, GCSE years, and Post-16 study)

Engage over the long-term

- Extend your engagement: Work with the same school, special school or college for more than one year to strengthen partnerships and promote continuous learning
- **Repeat exposure:** Strive for more than one encounter with the same young person or cohort of young people over the duration of their time in education
- **Provide volunteering opportunities for employees:** Provide your employees with opportunities to volunteer with the same school, special school or college over the long-term



Partner with others

- Identify priority needs: Seek to understand what a school, special school or college, most need in terms of careers education support
- Share your knowledge:

Communicate what you know (i.e., about job opportunities, local labour market, pathways and the future of work) with teachers, careers leaders, parents, Careers Hubs or activity providers

- Relate classroom learning to the world of work: Support teachers/ tutors to link careers education to the curriculum. This could involve professional development for teachers, specialist input for classes, co-designing or feeding back on curriculum content and setting/ supporting student projects
- Collaborate and share best practice: Connect and cooperate with other employers to deliver activities and experiences for young people and share successes



Value the engagement

- Embed careers education within business plans: Make providing careers education opportunities for young people integral to your business plans
- **Recognise the impact:** You understand what engagement with careers education does for young people, communicate this with your employees and enable them to engage in outreach
- Review careers education offer against business objectives: Track the impact of your careers education support for young people against your objectives